MAY SEND MARINE **GUARD TO MEXICO**

Washington Would Respond to Request From Ambassador Wilson if Made.

WOULD ACT FOR SPAIN ALSO

France, Germany and England Have Warships in West Indies-Trouble Not Lessened.

WASHINGTON, March 10 .- While no request had been received at the State Department to-night from Ambassador Wilson at Mexico city asking that marines be sent there to protect Americans from a threatened attack on the city by rebels, it was acknowledged semi-officially that such a request if made would undoubtedly be granted. It was admitted that the American Government could not well turn a deaf ear to a request for marines if it should be made upon an agreement of the foreign diplomatic corps in Mexico that such precautions should be

In case the Ministers have decided to call on their respective Governments for assistance in the way of troops it is likely that one of the cruisers now with the feet at Guantanamo will be sent to Vera Cruz to land men for transportation by rail to the Mexican capital.

A French warship is reported as headed for the Mexican coast to view the situation and Germany and Great Britain each have one or more warships in the West Indies at the present time from which theyf ould send marines. It is likely, however, since the United States has a fleet of over twenty vessels in Cuban waters, this country would provide the greater porion of the guard desired and look after the interests of countries not represented. particularly Spain, which have heavy in-

The entire state of Chihuahua is now under rebel control, according to reports received at the State Department to-day from Consul Edwards at Juarez and Consul Lechter at Chihuahua city. There is not much law or order where the rebels reign, they apparently having a stronger iking for looting and marauding than for fight for a political cause As a result people are hiding their valuables in their evolone cellars. Money, it is said, is church. recty extorted, and there have been a number of complaints of Mexican business concerns with American managers who have been "stuck up." Traffic is way, but several of the large mines may shut down soon owing to lack of material

for further operation.

Consul Canada at Vera Cruz reported the situation was much worse in his district, there being much petty stealing by he rebel marauders.

Twenty-two of the hundred or more hands of the Rota for about a year. Americans in Torreon have got out of that place and reached Monterey to-day according to a report from Consul Hanna

The situation on the west coast in the vicinity of Acapulco appears to be worse. The Consul at that port states that Ometapec was captured by rebels March 8 and afternoon. that serious disorder prevails. A Mexican many refugees. He has advised Amerisafety elsewhere.

between Orozco's advance guard of rebels marching south and the Federals garrisoning Santa Rosalia. No details ence of William Howard Taft, the Presi-The main body will be moving south. No trouble is anticipated in defeating the limenez and then it will be open march-

a decisive battle will be fought. of the rebels southward. Only about soo men have gone South and there are about 1,200 left here, nothwithstanding rebels' claim of larger num-

German Consul Kronk left here today for Mexico city by way of El Paso to present claims for \$250,000 damages to the store of Ketelson & Degetau of Juarez, which was destroyed by mutineers on the night of January 31.

Col. Antonio Rejas and his command will arrive here from Juarez Monday morning. It is reported that Col. Rejai will wed an American girl here Monday

The belief is becoming stronger that many Mexicans formerly associated with the Cientifico party of Mexico,

former backers of Diaz, are helping to finance the Orozco revolt. There are many Americans here who for years, closely identified with Diaz

claim to know that the Terrazas family s helping to finance the present trouble. Thirty-three Americans left here to-day on the northbound train for El Paso. Four coach loads of Mexicans

JUAREZ, Mexico, March 10 .- Col. Antonio Rojas and his command of rebeis, about three hundred strong, left here to-day for Chihuahua to join Orozoo in his advance on Chihuahua. The people I El Paso and Juarez breathed easier. Rojas has been robbing and looting since he was left in command here. The home of ex-Mayor Portillo was taken by the troops for quarters and horses were led n over the hardwood floors to the bath- the heavy sea broke a crank shaft and tubs for water. This is only one of the was compelled to lay to in the high seas many depredations committed by Rojas and his men.

MEXICO CITY, March 10 .- Two thousand men, women and boys, mostly of demonstration in behalf of the Government. They marched in a procession and carried banners bearing the cription "We give a vote of confidence and aid to the constitutional government. Our strength lies in peace and peace is the soul of the Republic and a live supreme government."

the better element of Government employees. The centre of the city was crowded with people who watched the parade. All the show windows had been boarded up to prevent them from

being smashed in case of disturbances. Trere were many "Vivas" from the marchers, but not from the populace. This is no positive indication of feeling, Letter to Dixon Makes It Plain hawever, as the Mexicans are never enthusiastic.

The paraders marched from the Passo Reforma to the palace, where cheers were given for President Madero. There was no disorder, but the procession made little impression on the people.

No rioting is anticipated here, as the city is heavily armed. The Gov. Sharp Objection to the Use of That ernment has given the German colony 1,000 rifles and two Maxim guns for their protection and has also granted the members of that community permission to import 500 more guns free The rifles were ordered by telegraph on Saturday. It is announced that a similar privilege is at the disposal of the other colonies.

Many foreigners are still leaving The Ward Line took out 300 last week and 1,000 have gone by their steamers in a month. The railroads have probably taken out about 8,000.

PRINCESS ROSPIGLIOSI LOSES. Court of the Rota Won't Declare Her Early Marriage Vold.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN ROME, March 10 .- The Court of the Rota has declined to admit the appeal of the Princess Rospigliosi, formerly Mary Jennings Reid of New Orleans and Washington, for a new trial of her

The Princess has been practically boycotted by the family of her husband and by Roman society because she married the Prince by a civil ceremony, a religious one having been refused because she is divorced from her first husband, Frederick Parkhurst. She has been trying to have the mar-Both the Prince and Princess are for a prize."

Roman Catholics and they wanted to first husband was still alive. A civil ceremony was then performed. Princess again appealed to the church to declare her union with Mr. Parkhurst void on the ground that she had married that gentleman, who was not a Catholic, without a dispensation and furthermore that he had never been mongers, who are engaged in defrauding baptized in any religion. This last circumstance if true would have made the marriage invalid in the eyes of the government."

The tribunal of the propaganda rejected this appeal and refused to declare her previous marriage null-Prince Rospigliasi then appealed to being resumed on the Northwestern Rail- Cardinal Martinelli, who at the time was papal delegate to the United States, and he reported to the Vatican in favor of the annulment of the former marriage of the Princess. The Pope hesitated a long time and finally ordered the tribunal of the Rota to review the evidence.

PRESIDENT TALKS IN CHURCH, with Mr. McKinley

left Chicago at 5:30 o'clock this afternoon over the Pennsylvania for Washington, where he will arrive to-morrow

Mr. Taft spent Sunday quietly. ship reached Acapulco yesterday bringing attended service this morning at the First Methodist Church and heard a cans in the disturbed district to seek sermon by the Rev. Ernest Wray Oneal, the pastor. This church, which is in CHIHUAHUA, Mexico, March 10 .- Re- the business part of the city, is known ports reached here to-day of fighting locally as the Stranger's Church. After the sermon the Rev. Dr. Oneal said:

"We are honored to-day by the presare brought. The Orozco army here is dent of the United States. The congregetting ready to leave in a day or so. gation will appreciate a short address by the President.

Mr. Taft accepted the invitation and ederal garrisons at Santa Rosalia and entering the pulpit spoke for a few minutes upon missionary work. He coming to Torreon, where the federals will mended the efforts of the missionaries meet the rebels with a strong army and to spread Christianity among the heathen peoples of the world and he Burned bridges, destroyed by the expressed belief that they are making Federals, are hampering the progress great headway in gaining converts. He rebuked the people who scoff at the

> missionaries. "I believe," Mr. Taft said, "that even though we have places where home missionary work is essential, that is no reason why missionaries should not be sent into foreign fields to Christianize

the heathen." Mr. Taft took luncheon at the Congress Hotel with a party of distinguished politicians. Among those present were Gov. Deneen of Iillinois, Gov. Eberhart of Minnesota, Mayor Cartes H. Harrison, Congressman Foss, David R. Forgan, Fred W. Upham, Max Pam, Charles G. Dawes and Postmaster Dan

A. Campbell. In the afternoon the President made short speeches to Bohemian Sunday school children and to a Polish citizen

neeting on the South Side. Mr. Taft is much pleased with his reception in Chicago. The most encouraging political event was the indorsement of President Taft's administration by the Swedish-American Republican Illinois politics.

CUTTER SAVES DISABLED TUG. Mohawk Picks Up the Hercules and

The oceangoing tugboat Hercules Capt. McElwee and crew of seven men, was picked up in a disabled condition yesterday morning off Sea Girt, N. J., by the revenue cutter Mohawk and

Crew Off Sea Girt.

towed to Stapleton, S. I. The Hercules while ploughing through and wind until she was picked up yes-

The Hercules left New York Thursday night for sea in search of inlower classes, took part to-day in coming salling vessels to tow to port. haft broke.

damage to the Hercules will

the and aid to the constitutional government. Our strength lies in peace and a live supreme government."

Others in the parade were generally

28 HOURS TO FRENCH LICK SPRINGS.

"St. Louis Limited" via Baltimore & Ohio.

Leave New York daily 10 A. M., arrive Springs and a live supreme government."

Others in the parade were generally land: St. and 4 Court St., Brooklyn.—Adv.

FIRST CAMPAIGN GUN

That He Is Not Merely Receptive.

THE CAMPAIGN NOT A GAME

Phrase by the Taft Manager.

WASHINGTON, March 10.-Col. Roose velt has written a long letter to Senator Dixon, his manager, recalling to the Senator's mind everything that has been contained in the Dixon-McKinley correspondence and vigorously and freely expressing his own opinion thereon. If any further evidence is needed to show that the Colonel's candidacy has passed beyond the "receptive" stage it will be found, the Taft people contend, in this

The Colonel renews his demand that the issue in the present fight be submitted to the voters at Presidential preference primaries. He carefully refrains from mentioning President Taft by name, but charges in effect that the President and his followers regard the present struggle as a "game" to be played for the purpose of winning a personal prize, a game in which the interests of the people are at stake but in which they are

"We hold," says the Colonel, "that the laws that govern elections and that govern party organizations should not be treated as rules which are fit subjects for tricky manipulation by contestants

The Colonel refers directly to the action have a religious ceremony. The church of President Taft in withdrawing Federal refused permission, however, as her nominations in North Carolina and charges that the professional politicians, led by the officeholders, are pitted against the progressive forces in this struggle.

"We very emphatically object," says the Colonel, "to having the issue decided against us not by the people but by the spoils politicians and the patronage the American people out of their first and most elemental right—the right of self-

Here is the letter: MY DEAR SENATOR DIXON: I have re ceived your letter of March & stating that in your opinion, it is of vital importance to the success of the Republican party in the publican convention shall nominate the candidate whom the mass of the Republican voters wish nominated and that there fore this sentiment should be given ex pression through Presidential preferential primaries in the several States in order that the wishes of the voters may be ascer-The appeal has been in the tained before instead of after the nomination

I have also seen your correspondence that as far as possible the selection of the at the latter city. They made a good Addresses Chicago Congregation on For- Republican candidate for the Presidency should be determined by the voters of the portion of the journey on horseback and eign Missions—Starts for Washington. party in preferential Presidential primaries.

Curego, March 10 President Taft Mr. McKinley's answer is contained practically in one sentence in the letter sent you: "I do not favor changes in the rules of

the game while the game is in progress The point of view expressed in that sentence contains the issue within the Repub-lican party at this time. We who stand for the progressive cause, for the cause of honest and genuine democracy, genuine representative government, hold that a public is not carried on as a game, is not carried on for the purpose of winning prizes for the contestants or with a view to the personal wishes or welfare of any one man. We hold that it should be carried on for the purpose of ascertaining and putting into effect the will of the people, so that the people may jointly do for themselves what man can do so well for them. We hold that the laws that govern elections and govern party ofganizations should not treated as rules which are fit subjects for the stricky manipulation by contestants for a peace. prize We hold that as far as possible the the will of those whom the public officials the object of this contest is not to secure rewards for individuals but to secure the

more effective government of the people by the people and for the people.

Our opponents, on the contrary, take Mr. McKinley's view that we are engaged in a game in which the interests of the people, it is true, are at stake, but in which the peo Mr. McKinley's position was stated with frank cynicism by Congressman Campbell on behalf of the reactionary element in the

Republican party when in a recent speech the greatest enthusiasm by declaring that an appeal from the umpire to the bleachers." Mr. Campbell has simply stated more McKinley's statement) generally among our opponents. Their feeling is that poll-tics is a game, that the people should simply sit on the bleachers as spectators and that no appeal lies to the people from the men who for their own profit are playing the game. It is astounding that men should venture to take such a position, and it shows that these men and those for whom they speak and whom they represent have wandered far indeed from the ground held by Abraham Lincoln when he declared

welfare of the common people and to be managed justly and honorably by these plain people for their own welfare cordance with the immutable law of right Our opponents take the view that this contest is merely a game, that the object of the contest is to win prizes for the con-testants and that public office is the reward that goes to the winners of the game and that therefore it is a piece of allowable smartness to refuse to make changes in the laws during the progress of the con-

tests if these changes would deprive the

this to be a government dedicated to the

old captains of the political world of the advantage they now hold over the plain ows: Should election laws be framed with should election laws be framed with a view Campbell and the reactionary element for made it evident that they prefer to see the ican party ruined rather than to see

Continued on Third Page.

it made again what it was in the days of

RUSSIA TO BUY SHIPS HERE. KNICKERBOCKER CAUSES Cramps Expect Contract for Two of Fou **WOMAN GUEST'S ARREST** World Ranking Battleships. PHILADELPHIA, March 10 .- Russia has

practically decided to have built at Cramps' shipyard two of the feur 30,ceeding in tonnage and armament any warship now affoat or in course of construction, with which she has planned to rehabilitate the navy that Japan crushed a few years ago.

Sons Ship and Engine Building Company said a few days ago that he had every reason to believe that they would Guest Said She Is a Widow From Pittsget the contract for two of the dreadnoughts.

Russia is now negotiating a loan with French interests for enough money for four of the greatest fighting machines that ever put to sea.

It is understood that the other tw dreadnoughts will be built at Wicker's works at Barrow-in-Furness, about twenty miles from Liverpool, England.

Each of the contemplated battleships, including guns and armor, will cost Russia \$12,000,000, and should two of them be built here they will each represent an expenditure of \$3,000,000 before being launched and will give employment to 3,000 men for three years. The largest dreadnought that has

far been built is the Indomitable, of the British navy, which is of 29,000 tons, but, if Russia's plans do not miscarry the four battleships she will build will clipse the most formidable war vessel. Besides the Wyoming, which is being rapidly completed at Cramps', there are submarine under construction there for the United States Government.

OPERA GLASSES WATCH THEFT.

Kinsella Noted Name on a Wagon and Police Got the Driver.

With a pair of opera glasses Mrs. Shella Kinsella, who lives on an upper floor of the apartment house at Hawthorne street and Sherman avenue. The Bronx, spotted the name and address on a covered wagon that three men drove up to the unfinished apartment house across the street on Saturday evening. Something in the actions of the men in the wagon had aroused her suspicions and she got her glasses and studied their faces carefully as they went into the building and brought out brass railings, faucets and other fixtures. She lotted down on a piece of paper the name on the wagon and after the men had driven away she went to the Kingsbridge police station and told what she had seen.

As a result Anthony McDonald, who lives at the Sylvan Hotel, Third avenue November elections that the national Re- and 126th street, was arraigned in the Morrisania police court yesterday morning on a charge of burglary and remanded to give Detectives Quick and Wickman a chance to pick up the other two men Mrs. Kinsella saw with him.

The address Mrs. Kinsella got was the proprietor of the stable told them You proposed to him that he had let out a covered wagon So the detectives waited, and when Mc-Donald drove in with the wagon about 8 o'clock they arrested him. He was tieth street station tectives say he has confessed that he a junk dealer

Adopts Resolution Asking Senate to Reconsider Treaties.

PHILADELPHIA, March 10. - President Taft was praised for his efforts to effect peace and arbitration treaties with England and France at a public meeting in the Garrick Theatre to-Universal Peace Union. His name, it was said, will go down in history as the greatest exponent of universal

Resolutions were adopted calling upon the Senate to reconsider the peace treaties in their original form. These were entrusted to the care of Senator Penrose. He will present them to the Senate to-morrow. The text follows:

Whereas the Senate of the United States negotiated between this country Great Britain and France, by a very close vote struck out some vital points that gave them the value intended, and

meeting for peace that the said action of the Senate has delayed and obstructed the taking of a long step forward in the progress of national and international

peace, therefore be it Resolved. That we call upon the Senate to reconsider the action to see if a proper method cannot be reached to enable us the benefits proposed by Presiand the Ambassadors of Great Britain morrow.

STREET CLEANING STRIKE?

and France.

Talk of Another One-Commissione Edwards Doubts It.

Reports were in circulation last night at the headquarters of locals of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters that another strike of street cleaning drivers was brewing and that the trouble was to come as soon as night work, which is soon to be resumed, is started again. These reports were also to the effect that a number of the drivers who took the places of the strikers in the last strike had joined the union and that both union and nonunion men were ready to strike now.

no talk of a strike and saw no reason why there should be any trouble. All the men employed were people who took the places of strikers except a few men.

"About 150 of the old men were employed lately," he said, "but were not certified by the civil service and the Civil Service Commission ordered their discharge. The Mayor had nothing to do with ordering their discharge, but the order of the Civil Service Commis-sion was obeyed. I have heard no complaints and can find no trouble. The man now employed knew the con-ditions when they were taken on."

000 ton dreadnoughts, sea fighters ex- When Hotel Presented Bill for Five Days Board Mrs. Ware Said . She Had No Cash.

An agent of the William Cramp & OFFERED A CHECK IN VAIN

ton, Pa., and Had Money in Savings Bank.

A woman describing herself as Mrs. Catherine Ware, who has been at the Hotel Knickerbocker since last Wednesday, was arrested last night on complaint of Theodore Snedecker, assistant manager of the hotel, after he had asked her to pay her bill and she had told him that it was impossible for her to get the money until to-day. At the hotel Mrs. Ware was registered from this city, but she told Lieut. Hart at the West Thirtieth street police station that she came here five days ago from Pittston, Pa., and had intended to establish herself in West Thirty-ninth street.

Mrs. Ware is 34 years old, a brunette, tall and of rather stately bearing. She wore a heavy fur coat, had several diamond rings, diamond pendant earrings now five torpedo boat destroyers and a and was modishly dressed. At the police station she was rather reticent.

Mrs. Ware said she had a brother who was very ill and that any word that she had been arrested might affect him seriously.

Mr. Snedecker said that through the bulletins that are circulated among hotel men he got the idea that he had better present Mrs. Ware with her bill. He approached her last evening and asked her to pay the bill, which amounted to \$58.70. He said that Mrs. Ware immediately offered him a check in payment and that he told her he must have the cash. She explained that she had no cash with her, that the check was good, but that if he did not care to accept it she would go to the North River Savings Bank in the morning and get the money. She declared that she had deposited all her funds there and that there was more than enough to settle the claims of the hotel

After her discussion with Mr. Snedecker Mrs. Ware went to her room. A short time afterward Mr. Snedecker to her room also and found that she had left, taking a handbag with her, but leaving some of her belongings. He was talking the matter over with Arthur Murphy, the house detective, when the telephone rang and Mrs. Ware spoke to him. She said that she was at the Hotel Imperial and wanted to know when she could get her laundry.

Mr. Snedecker sent Murphy to the Hotel Imperial, where he talked with Amsterdam avenue and West 158th Mrs. Ware and finally induced her to street. When the detectives went there return to the Knickerbocker. The assistant manager again asked her to pay her bill and she again offered the check for the day and expected it back soon. and said that she would pay him cash in the morning.

Policeman Schaub of the West Thirwas then called in identified by Mrs. Kinsella. The de- and he placed Mrs. Ware under arrest. She was much chagrined and declared worth of brass fixtures and sold them to a mistake. She repeated to Lieut, Hart her remark that she had ample funds, but they were in the North River Savings PEACE UNION PRAISES TAFT. Bank. She said she had no friends in this city.

with the intention of staying here permanently. She did not say what she intended to do, merely mentioning West Thirty-ninth street as the place where she expected to establish herself.

Mrs. Ware was taken from the Tender loin station to the women's night court, where Assistant Manager Snedecker signed a complaint charging her with a violation of the hotel act, a misdemeanor. Magistrate Herrman read the complaint, which embodied the statement that she had taken her grip from the hotel. This Mrs. Ware denied. She said that the hotel laundry women had taken the grip out for her.

but that she did not have the money at hand. Magistrate Herrman held her in \$500 bail until 9 o'clock this morning to get a lawyer or to pay the bill. She couldn't furnish the bail and was sent to the prison of Jefferson Market court.

HEARING ON BACHELOR TAX.

Massachusetts Proposes to Aid Spinster Beyond the Marriageable Age.

BOSTON, March 10 .- Bachelor members of the Legislature, particularly those in the Committee on Taxation, are lookdent Taft as negotiated by Secretary Knox ing forward with anxiety to the

> At 4 o'clock in the afternoon they will give a hearing at the State House on a bill providing that every bachelor of 35 years or over who can marry and doesn't must pay an annual tax of \$5 the income to be devoted to the relief of spinsters who have passed or are believed to have passed the marriageable

> Grafton D. Cushing, Speaker of the House, the tallest bachelor in the Legislature or State, has received an invitation from Mrs. Charlotte Smith eader of the movement, to address the committee on the subject of the bachelo. tax. Speaker Cushing was asked if he intended to accept Mrs. Smith's invitation.

"I don't seem to remember the in vitation." he said, "but nobody has to wards said last night that he had heard be invited to address a legislative committee. Are you sure they sent me an invitation?" he inquired anxiously. Gov. Foss is said to believe in the tax. He has been urged to send to the Legislature a special message urging its adoption. The Governor has not

> The reason for the tax is the number of unmarried men in Massachusetts and the big crop of desirable young women. Mrs. Smith will lead the arguwomen. Mrs. Smith will lead the argument at the hearing. A large delegation of young bachelors from the Legis

KILLED IN HAVANA AUTO RACE.

Driver Valverdi's Chest Pierced by Kence. Paling Mechanic Dying.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. HAVANA, March 10.—Valverdi, the driver of one of the cars in the international automobile races, this afternoon was killed and his mechanic is dying as the result of the skidding of the machine into Saw No Trace of Him at the a fence.

Valverdi was driving a 30 horse-power Mercer. When it struck the fence he was thrown out and the broken timber of the rails transfixed his chest, killing him instantly.

The machine was overturned on top of the mechanic, who was so badly injured that he may die at any moment.

HOUSE'S COURT WIDE OPEN.

Magistrate Decides Law Permits Him to Impose Penalties on Sunday.

Magistrate House, sitting in the Tombs court yesterday morning, held that the ruling of the First Appellate Division made it permissible and mandatory for him to hold examinations and impose sentences on Sunday in cases where he had summary jurisdiction, and so he disposed of a number of cases. The Second Appellate Division has rendered a decision to the contrary.

A guard on a Sixth avenue elevated train caused the first arrest for smok ing on the elevated roads. John Mc-Elroy of 904 Boston avenue, who gave his occupation as "down in Wall street, was fined \$2 because he refused to throw away a lighted cigarette he was carrying inside a car of a southbound train. Also he threatened to fight the guard.

COUNT BONI APPEALS.

Castellane Goes Above the Rota to Break His Marriage to Anna Gould.

Special Cable Despatch to TRE SUN.
ROME, March 10.—Count Boni de Castellane has taken an appeal to the Superior Ecclesiastical Court from the decision of the Court of the Rota declining to annul his religious marriage to Anna Gould who is now the Duchess of Talleyrand-Perigord.

MR. KNOX IN SALVADOR.

U. S. Secretary of State Journeying Inland to the Capital.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.
ACAJUTLA, Salvador, March 10.—The
cruiser Maryland with Mr. Knox, the American Secretary of State, and party on board arrived here to-day. The Secre tary was met and welcomed by the members of the Cabinet.

The party, accompanied by the Government representatives, left here this afternoon for San Salvador, the capital, which is about fifty miles from this sea-

MAY TRY N. Y. POLICE PLAN.

Chicago Civil Service Board Would Replace Chief With Commissioner.

CHICAGO, March 10 .- The New York system of government of the police will be adopted by Chicago if recommendations made by the Civil Service Commission are made effective.

After an investigation into vice conditions in Chicago lasting six months and his two companions took about \$200 that the hotel management had made the board has completed a final report to Mayor Harrison in which it advocates the abandonment of the system of rule by a chief of police and the substitution of a commissioner and deputies, each to perform specific du-

> The report sets forth in strong terms the laxity, corruption, bribery and other abuses discovered in the course of its inquiry and which has resulted in removing from the force three inspectors, seven captains, one sergeant, seven lieutenants and seven patrolmen.

> The commission points out many intances in which the police have assisted and protected organized vice and it estimates the number of unfortunate women in Chicago at 15,000 to 20,000, instead of at 5,000 as stated by the vice

RESCUED CREW PARTED.

Freighter Brought Seven West, Liner

Took Thirteen East. The North German Lloyd liner Chemnitz, in from Bremen, while on her last eastward trip fell in on February 8 in midocean with the dismasted Norwegian bark Euphrates wallowing in a heavy sea. The British freighter Grampian Range was standing by, and had been nearly two days waiting for the sea to moderate. The British skipper had taken off seven of the bark's crev by lifeline. Capt. Koenemann of the Chemnitz decided to risk launching two lifeboats to take off the rest of the crew, since the bark looked as if she might founder very soon. The lifeboats had a hard time of it in the tumult. The thirteen men left on the bark, including her skipper, had to jump overboard with lines and were hauled into the lifeboats, which could not go alongside the wreck The thirteen men rescued by the Chemnitz were landed at Bremen and the seven saved by the freighter were taken to Philadelphia. The Euphrates bound from Glasgow to Santos.

NO BAIL FOR MRS. BROWN.

Hearing To-day for Niece and Her Sor Accused of Robbing Aged Aunt.

Mrs. Antoinette W. Brown and her on. Newton Davis, who were arrested on Friday charged with the larcency of \$119.82 from Mrs. Brown's aunt, Mrs. Harriet Wells Smith, were not released on bail yesterday, but remained in the iail attached to the West Side police court. Abe Levy, their lawyer, said last night that he hoped to be able to-day to furnish the \$3,000 ball required for

At 4 o'clock this afternoon the hearing in the case will take place. Mrs. Smith's whereabouts are known only to the District Attorney's office, but as she is not strong enough to go to court it is probable that the hearing will place in her apartment,

ALL "EAST COAST" POINTS REACHED BY "N. Y. & FLORIDA SPECIAL."
Atlantic Coast Line, 126 P. M. 3 other Ltd. Trains Dally. Superior Roadway. 1218 B way.

NOTHING OF SCOTT

PRICE TWO CENTS.

South Pole: Hopes He Reached It.

JUST A SNOWY WASTE

No Stones to Build a Cairn -Weather Is Usually Calm There.

DOG MEAT IS DELICIOUS

Eleven Survived the Antarctic Journev-Tale of Three Vagrants.

MEN ALL IN GOOD HEALTH

Came Back Fatter Than They Started -Followed Easier Route Than Shackleton's.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN LONDON, March 10 .- A despatch from Hobart, Tasmania, to the Daily Chronicle reports that Capt. Amundsen says in an interview that he thought it was extremely likely that Capt. Scott had reached the south pole either before or after he (Amundsen) got there. The weather was very favorable for such an achievement.

Capt. Amundsen said he hoped Capt. Scott did get there because he deserved to succeed. However, he did not see the smallest sign of anybody having been there before him.

Capt. Scott, the Norwegian explorer said, could not have built a cairn for documents because there were no stones there, only a wide snow plain. Of course, Amundsen said, it was possible that Capt. Scott left some record which had afterward been destroyed by the weather. but it was so calm he did not think this likely. The explorer believes that calm weather prevails ordinarily at the south

experiences more fully than they were told in his original despatch. He said the chief troubles of the party arose from the necessity of ascending the heights. Six weeks were passed at great elevations. There was often difficulty in breathing and sometimes it was a struggle for breath. Some of the heights reached 16,750 feet, but the pole itself was at a height of 10,500 feet.

The party never lacked food, Amundsen said, although the men had voracious appetites after a hard day's sledging. The dogs which he reported killed in his original despatch had all been eaten. The fat of these, the explorer says, was "delicious." and he assures the world

that it is no hardship to eat dog meat. One of the most interesting narrations Capt. Amundsen is about the escapade of three of the dogs which at 83 degrees deserted the expedition. They returned to seek another dog which had been killed at 821/2 degrees. The explorers on their return journey found that the deserters had discovered and partly devoured the corpse. snowheap for future use. The deserters also ate two other carcasses and raided one of the food depots. Amundsen does

not say whether the deserters were re Eleven dogs survived the expedition and are now on the Fram. The Christmas dinner of the explorers

was porridge. It was eaten on a mountain near the pole and thoroughly enjoyed. Capt. Amundsen says the trip furnished very hard work but few adventures. His success in discovering the pole was due to his comrades and the dogs and skis. The men and dogs were fat when they reached the Fram on their return but had smaller appetites than when they

started. Washing and shaving were computsorily foregone during the trip, but the adventurers trimmed their beards. Capt.

Amundsen pulled a tooth for one of the The men who explored King Edward VII Land report that they saw an unknown bird which Capt. Amundsen does not

describe Capt. Amundsen's arrivalent Hobart, the correspondent says, caused great surprise and sensation. On landing from the harbor master's launch Amundsen got his mail and locked himself in his room, where he was besieged by reporters, but they were unable to get a word of information from him. The newspaper men did their utmost to get on board the Fram, but were barred by the crew, who stood at the bulwarks, smiling amiably and pretending to be ignorant of English Subsequently they abandoned this pretence, but would not say a word about the expedition. The reporters were not

allowed to board the ship. The quarantine officer who boarded the Fram says the ship was very clean and in splendid order and the dogs very healthy When the above despatch was sent from Hobart the crew of the Fram was still on board the vessel and nobody except the quarantine officer had suc-

eeded in reaching her deck. HOBART, Tasmania, March 10 .- Capa. Roald Amundsen maintains his reticence in regard to his expedition and that of Capt. Scott in search of the south pole. His full story was cabled back here from London, but the explorer declines to add anything to it.

The only thing he has said is that the expedition of Lieut. Sir Ernest Shackleton, which got to within ninety-seven miles of the pole, took a much lifficult route than he did. In answer o another question Capt. Amundsen said he could not say whether Capt. Scott had ucceeded in reaching the pole.

Capt. Amundsen took a motor drive

Capt. Amundsen detailed some of hi